

Nepal's Best Practices and Initiatives Towards Efficient Lighting

Er. Jeebachh Mandal

Ministry of Energy









Major Organizations

Ministry of Energy

- Department of Electricity Development -regulatory body
- Nepal Electricity Authority- public utility
- Water and Energy Commission Secretariat- advisory body
- Butwal Power Company- public Company

Ministry of Industry

- Nepal Bureau of Standards and Metrology
- Federation of Nepal Chamber of Commerce and Industry
 - Energy Efficiency Centre









Commonly used Electric Light Sources

- Incandescent lamps
- Fluorescent lamps
- CFL lamps
- LED lamps
- Sodium vapour lamps
- Mercury vapour lamps
- Halogen lamps
- Metal halide lamps
- Gas lamps









Standard and National Code

- National Building Code, NBC 207:2003: Electrical Design Requirements for Public Buildings
 - It stipulates preferential use of fluorescent luminaries with supplemental use of incandescent lamps to meet higher level of illumination requirements
 - Use of efficient lighting is recommended









Government Initiatives

■ National Electricity Crisis Resolution Action Plan, 2008

- Provision to promote energy efficient lighting
- Target to provide CFL to each consumer
 - "Buy one get one free"- a very popular and successful scheme
 - CFL fund was established
 - Contribution of NRs 50 millions by the Government
- Exemption of VAT and Custom duty on efficient lighting sources:
 CFL, LED, slim tube light and electronic ballast
- To discourage the use of less efficient "Incandescent lamps"









Government Initiatives

■ National Electricity Crisis Resolution Action Plan, 2008

- To launch "Public Awareness Campaign" for efficient light sources such as CFL and LED lamps through radio, TV, newspapers and pamphlets at public places
- Recommends to use of photoelectric sensors to get advantage of daylight
- Recommends to use of dimmers to adjust light levels
- Recommends to use of multistage light switching









Recent Activities

- National Energy Strategy is already prepared but awaiting for Cabinet's approval. After its approval, Energy Efficiency policy will be drafted
- ADB RETA 8276 (REG): Preparation of Energy Efficiency Policies and Guidelines for Bhutan and Nepal
- Nepal Energy Efficiency Program (NEEP) funded by GIZ is ongoing
- GIZ funded "Energy Efficiency Centre" is operating at present under Federation of Nepal Chamber of Commerce and Industry (FNCCI)









Future Activity

- Once the National Energy Strategy is approved, the key areas to be included in the Energy Efficiency policy would be Energy Efficiency Building Codes and Appliance Efficiency Standards
- Nepal Energy Efficiency Program (NEEP) funded by GIZ is mainly aiming to focus on the promotion of Electric Energy Efficiency and sustainable use of Biomass in households and industries









Some Challenges towards Efficient Lighting

- Though the trend of using LED lamps are increasing in off-grid (mainly solar home PV) systems, it is not getting an equal popularity in on-grid users
- Inadequate public awareness towards efficient lighting and Demand Side Management









Some Challenges towards Efficient Lighting

- Importers of long fluorescent lamps and Incandescent lamps are still getting good markets despite there is Custom duty and VAT exemption in importing CFL and LED lamps,
 - So, the main reason in Nepal is "non-affordable price of LED lamps by general public"
 - Lack of self manufacturing plants of CFL and LED lamps
 - General public's low faith on the efficacy, efficiency and life span of the costly CFL and LED lamps
 - Lack of labelling mechanism while importing CFL and LED lamps









Thank you for your patient listening



Jeebachh Mandal

Chief, Rural and Alternative Energy Section Senior Divisional Engineer Ministry of Energy, Singh Durbar, Kathmandu E-mail: jeebachh@gmail.com







